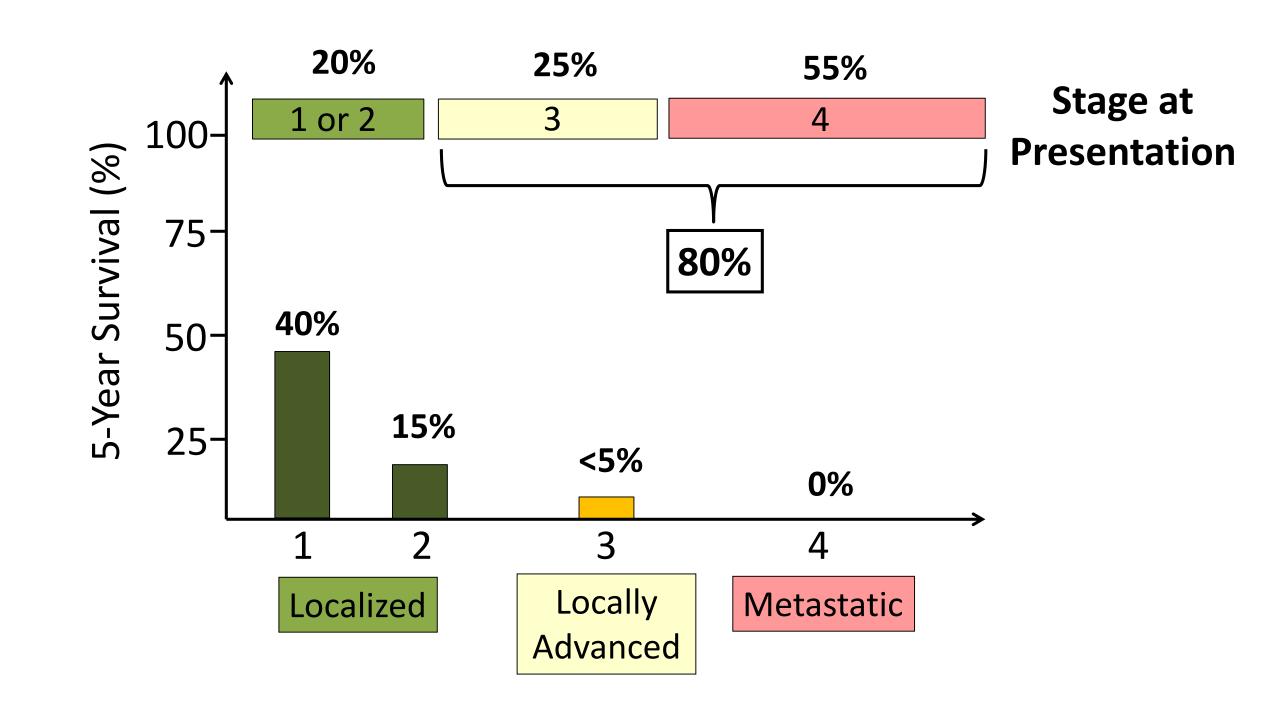
# The Search for Improved Outcomes in Pancreatic Cancer: From Altered Systemic Metabolism to Novel Early Detection Approaches

#### PancreasFest 2019

Brian Wolpin, MD, MPH
Dana-Farber Cancer Institute
Harvard Medical School
July 26, 2019

#### **Disclosures**

- Sponsored research funding: Celgene, Eli Lilly
- Consulting: BioLineRx, Celgene, G1 Therapeutics, GRAIL
- Support to DFCI for Pancreatic Cancer Clinical Trials: AbGenomics,
   ALLIANCE, Astra-Zeneca, Aveo, BioLineRx, BMS, Celgene, Five Prime,
   Genentech, Lilly, Merck, Parker Institute, Stand Up to Cancer, Tesaro



### Pancreatic Cancer Early Detection

- Data overload: Weighing numerous inputs for earlier diagnosis of pancreatic cancer
- What to look for: Host reactions to an early tumor altered systemic metabolism
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- Personalized medicine for early detection

## The New England Journal of Medicine

VOLUME 211

AUGUST 23, 1934

Number 8

#### DIABETES AND CANCER\*

BY ALEXANDER MARBLE, M.D.†

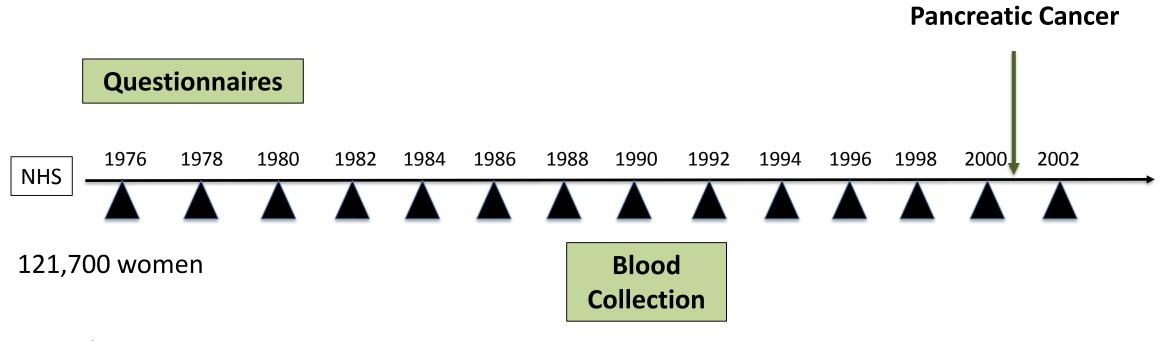
THE presence of diabetes and cancer in the same individual is an association which promotes speculation and calls for a consideration of the possible relationship between the two diseases.

Material. The 256 cases of malignant disease (which include eight cases of malignancy of types other than carcinoma) represent patients seen by Dr. Elliott P. Joslin and associates from 1898 to 1933.

#### SUMMARY

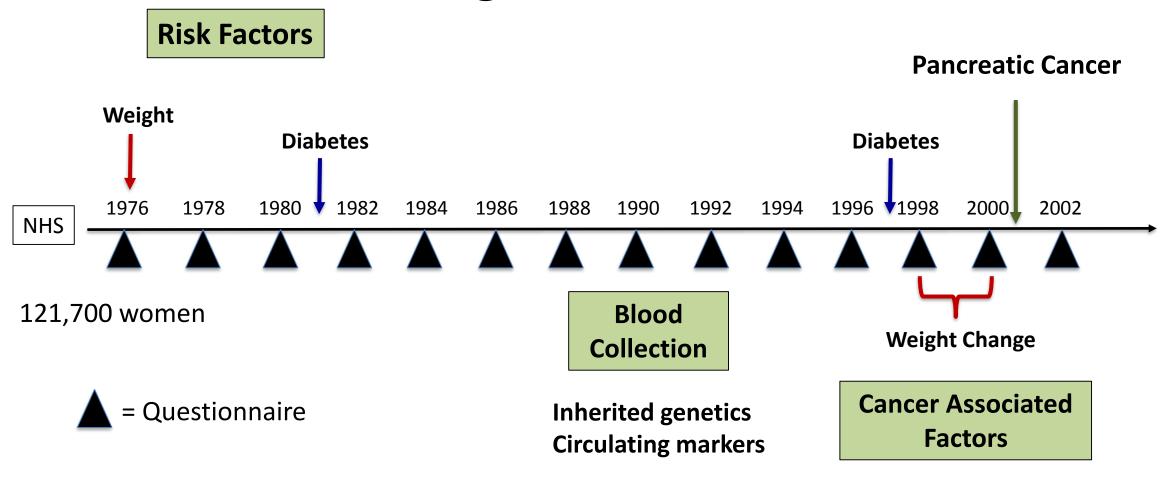
The incidence of carcinoma of the pancreas was therefore extraordinarily high. In this series it was 12.9 per cent of the total number of cases as contrasted with less (often considerably less) than 5 per cent in general cancer statistics reported by others.

### **Longitudinal Cohorts**



- $\triangle$  = Questionnaire
  - Demographics
  - Exposures
  - Diet
  - Medical diagnoses
  - Medications

### **Longitudinal Cohorts**



### Pancreatic Cancer Risks by Weight and Diabetes

	Diabetes Status		
	No diabetes	Diabetes	
Person-years	4,344,683	340,410	
No. cases*	764	236	
Age-adjusted RR (95% CI)	1	2.37 (2.04, 2.75)	

	Body-Mass Index (kg/m2)			
	Normal Weight	Overweight	Obese	
Person-years	3,262,564	1,259,687	391,131	
No. cases*	653	382	133	
Age-adjusted RR (95% CI)	1	1.23 (1.09-1.40)	1.55 (1.29-1.87)	

**Chen Yuan** 

<sup>\*</sup> Participants who developed pancreatic cancer in NHS or HPFS

### Germline Common Risk Variants

N=22

#### **PanScan and PanC4 Consortia**

Amundadottir et.al, *Nature Genetics* 2009; N=1.

Petersen et.al, *Nature Genetics* 2010; N=3.

Wolpin et.al, *Nature Genetics* 2014; N=6.

Childs et.al, *Nature Genetics* 2015; N=4.

Zhang et.al, Oncotarget 2016; N=3.

Klein et al, *Nature Commun* 2018; N=5.

Chr	Gene(s)	SNP	Alleles	OR (95% CI)	MAF	P	
1q32.1	NR5A2	rs2816938	A/T	1.21 (1.17-1.26)	0.23	3.4 x 10 <sup>-15</sup>	
1q32.1	NR5A2	rs3790844	G/A	0.81 (0.76-0.86)	0.24	7.6 x 10 <sup>-16</sup>	
1p36.33	NOC2L	rs13303010	G/A	1.26 (1.19-1.35)	0.11	$8.4 \times 10^{-14}$	*
2p13.3	ETAA1	rs1486134	G/T	1.13 (1.09-1.17)	0.28	4.6 x 10 <sup>-9</sup>	*
3q29	TP63	rs9854771	A/G	0.90 (0.86-0.94)	0.36	4.5 x 10 <sup>-8</sup>	*
5p15.33	TERT	rs2736098	T/C	0.84 (0.79-0.88)	0.27	6.9 x 10 <sup>-15</sup>	*
5p15.33	TERT	rs35226131	T/C	0.67 (0.53-0.81)	0.03	2.2 x 10 <sup>-8</sup>	
5p15.33	CLPTM1L	rs401681	T/C	1.19 (1.15-1.23)	0.45	9.3 x 10 <sup>-17</sup>	
7p12	TNS3	rs47488569	T/A	0.83 (0.77-0.88)	0.12	4.4 x 10 <sup>-8</sup>	
7p14.1	SUGCT	rs17688601	A/C	0.88 (0.84-0.93)	0.25	1.1 x 10 <sup>-8</sup>	*
7q32.3	LINC-PINT	rs6971499	C/T	0.81 (0.76-0.87)	0.15	$7.4 \times 10^{-14}$	*
8q21.11	HNF4G	rs2941471	G/A	0.89 (0.85-0.93)	0.43	$6.6 \times 10^{-10}$	*
8q24.21	MYC	rs10094872	T/A	1.14 (1.10-1.19)	0.36	1.2 x 10 <sup>-9</sup>	
8q24.21	PVT1	rs1561927	C/T	0.89 (0.85-0.93)	0.27	7.1 x 10 <sup>-8</sup>	*
9q34.1	<b>ABO</b>	rs505922	C/T	1.27 (1.22-1.31)	0.35	$7.4 \times 10^{-27}$	
13q12.2	PDX1	rs9581943	A/G	1.15 (1.12-1.19)	0.40	5.1 x 10 <sup>-14</sup>	*
13q22.1	KLF5, KLF12	rs9543325	C/T	1.23 (1.18-1.30)	0.37	1.2 x 10 <sup>-22</sup>	
16q23.1	BCAR1	rs7190458	A/G	1.36 (1.27-1.44)	0.04	1.3 x 10 <sup>-11</sup>	*
17pq12	HNF1B	rs4795218	A/G	0.88 (0.84-0.92)	0.23	1.3 x 10 <sup>-8</sup>	*
17q24.3	LINC00673	rs7214041	T/C	1.25 (1.19 1.30)	0.11	9.5 x 10 <sup>-15</sup>	*
18q21.32	GRP	rs1517037	T/C	0.86 (0.80-0.91)	0.19	3.3 x 10 <sup>-8</sup>	
22q12.1	ZNRF3	rs16986825	T/C	1.15 (1.10-1.20)	0.16	1.2 x 10 <sup>-8</sup>	*

<sup>\*</sup> All GWAS plus Pandora for replication

#### **Risk Stratification**

#### **Risk Factors**

<u>Demographics</u>: Older Age, Men,

AA, AJ

Exposures: Cigarettes, Obesity, Low Physical Activity, Heavy Alcohol, Unhealthy Diet

<u>Comorbidities</u>: Diabetes, Chronic Pancreatitis, Pancreatic cysts

Family History

-20



Pancreatic

Cancer

Diagnosis

Genetics

Rare, Medium-High Penetrance: BRCA1/2, PALB2, ATM, CDKN2A, TP53, PRSS1, MMR genes

-10

-3

<u>Common, Low Penetrance</u>: 22 loci from GWAS – polygenic risk score

#### Risk Models for Pancreatic Cancer

Pooled Data from 4 Prospective

0-10 Yrs Population

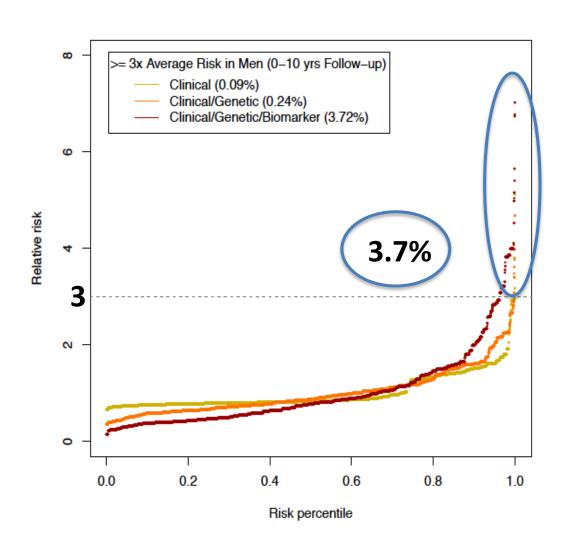
Cohorts: HPFS, NHS, PHS, WHI

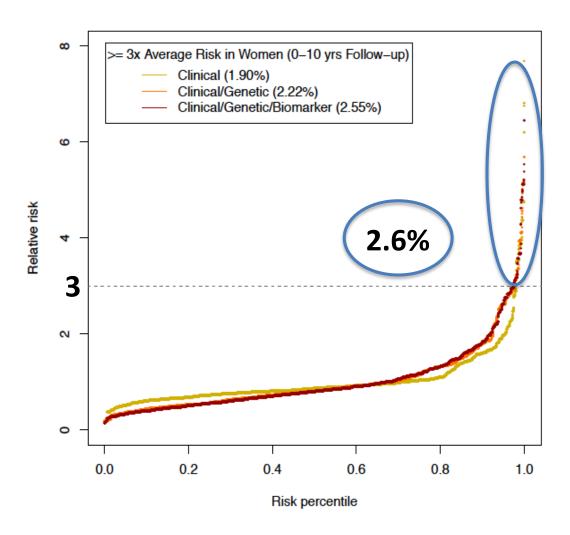
N=956: 304 cases, 652 controls

0-10 Year Follow- up Population	Base Model	+ Genetic Risk Score	+ Circulating Markers
Covariates	Body-mass index Waist-hip ratio Physical activity Diabetes history Age, Sex Race/ethnicity, Smoking status, Family history, Chronic pancreatitis	wGRS (22 common risk loci in Caucasions)	Proinsulin Adiponectin Interleukin-6 Total BCAAs
LR <i>P</i> -value		2.9 x 10 <sup>-9</sup>	0.003
<b>ROC AUC</b> 0.61		0.67	0.69

Pete Kraft
Jihye Kim
Chen Yuan

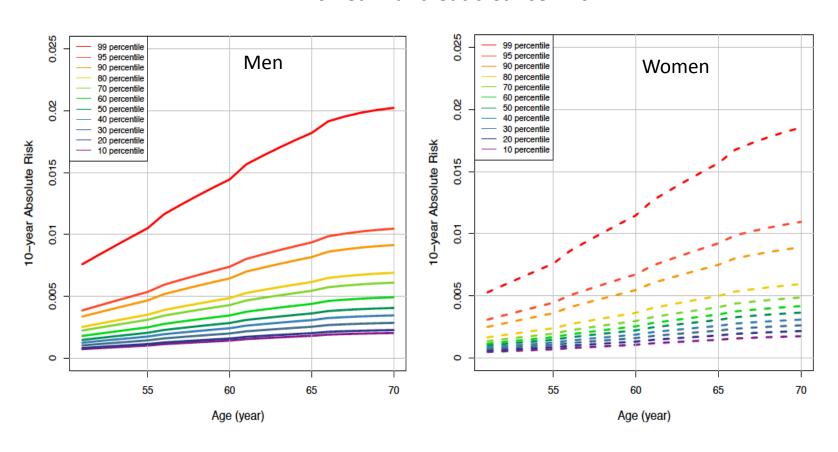
### Identify Subjects with High Relative Risk





#### Absolute Risk Models for Pancreatic Cancer

Clinical + Genetic + Circulating Biomarker Model 10-Year Pancreatic Cancer Risk



### **Study Considerations**

Improved Fit for Future Models	Reduced Fit for Future Models
"Missing" data: Smoking status (matched), history of pancreatitis or pancreatic cyst, and family history	Data not (yet) commonly available in standard clinical practice: e.g., germline genetic variants
Self-reported data from mailed questionnaires	Sample size
No changes in measurements over time	Model overfitting
No data on "early" symptoms, such as abdominal discomfort, back pain, weight loss, anorexia etc.	

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Family History

#### Laboratories

- Glucose/HbA1c

- LFTs

- Albumin

- CBC

-3

**Symptoms** 

- Abd/Back d/c

- Upset stomach

- Loose stools

**Dietary Changes** 

- Malabsorption

**Medication Changes** 

- NSAIDs/Tylenol

- TUMS

- H2 blockers / PPIs

- BP medications

- Hypoglycemics

Vital Signs

- Weight loss

- Decreased BP

- Food preferences

#### Time (years)

-20 -10 -1

Pancreatic Cancer Diagnosis

#### Genetics

Rare, Medium-High Penetrance: BRCA1/2, PALB2, ATM, CDKN2A, TP53, PRSS1, MMR genes

Common, Low Penetrance: 22 loci from GWAS – polygenic risk score

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- Diabetes
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- EGD
- Spine MRI
- RUQ ultrasound

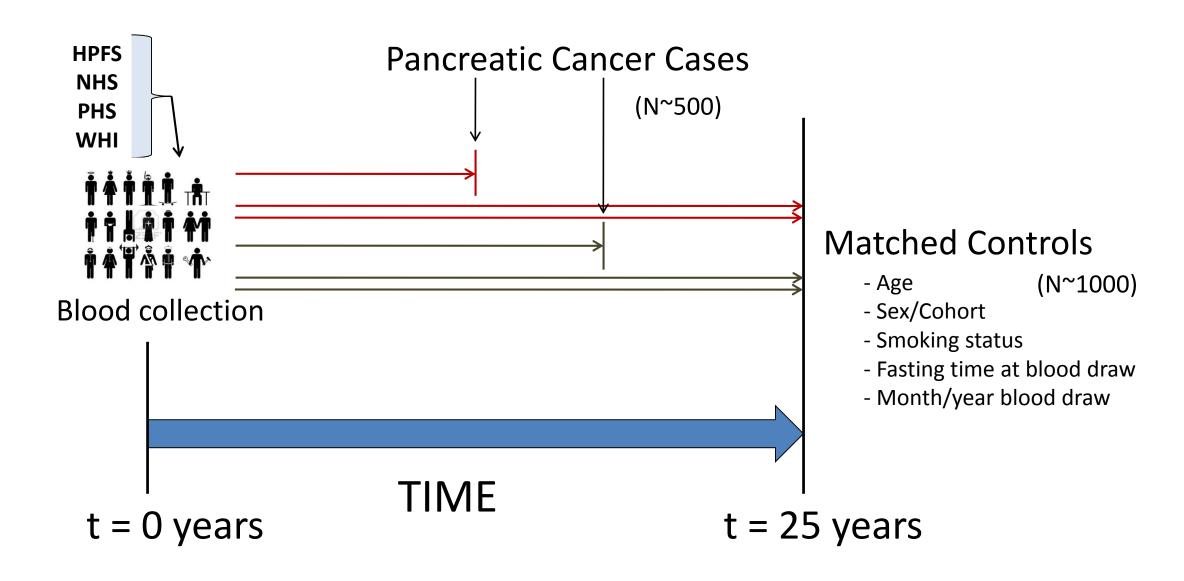
#### Imaging Features

- AP CT scan
- AP MRI

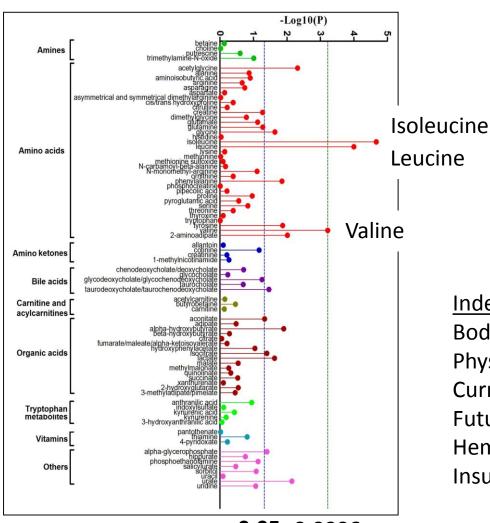
0

- EUS

### Assessment of prediagnosis metabolic changes in PDAC



### Prediagnosis Metabolic Alterations

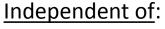


Branched Chain Amino Acids (BCAAs)









Body-mass index Physical activity Current diabetes Future diabetes Hemoglobin A1c Insulin markers



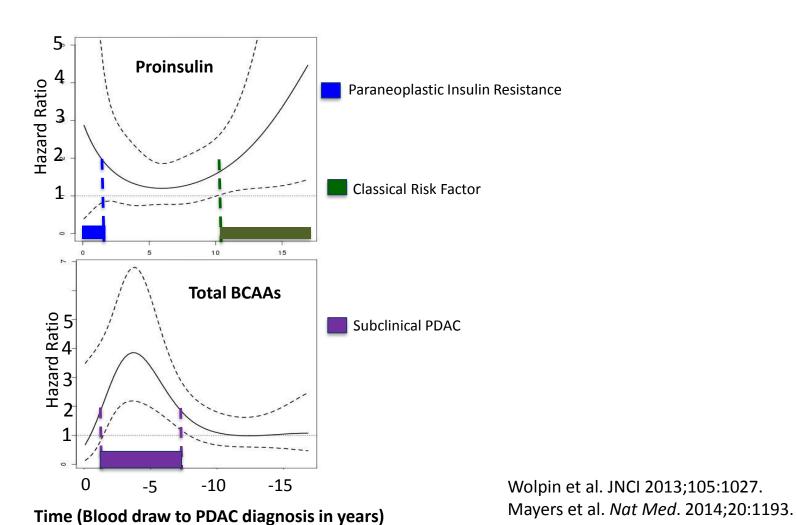


N=83 metabolites

0.05 0.0006

Conditional logistic regression

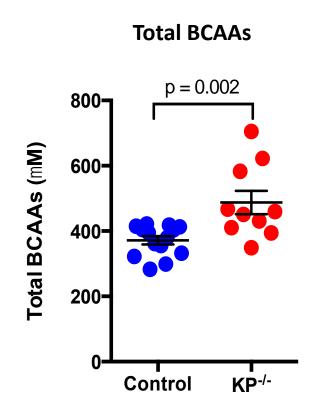
### Prediagnosis BCAA Elevations in Humans



# BCAA elevations are associated with early pancreatic cancer in mouse models

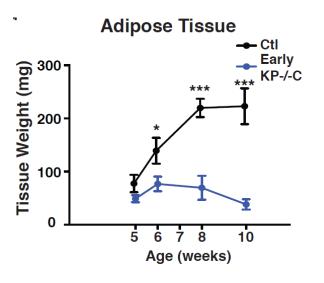
Jared Mayers
Laura Danai
Matt Vander Heiden

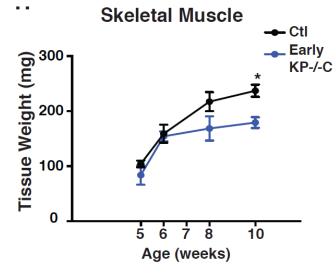
KP<sup>-/-</sup>C Model: LSL-Kras<sup>G12D/+</sup> Tp53<sup>fl/fl</sup> Pdx1-Cre



Mayers et al. Nat Med. 2014;20:1193.

Danai, Babic, Rosenthal et al. Nature. 2018;558:600.





### Pancreas tumors do not directly utilize liberated BCAAs

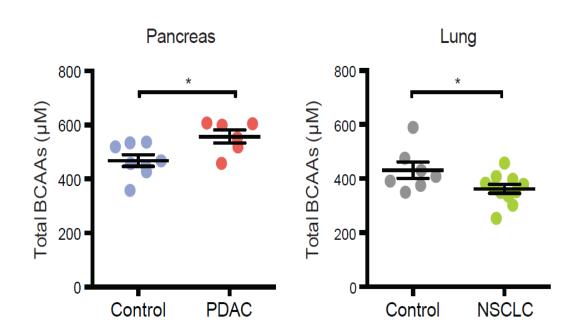
KP-/-C Model:

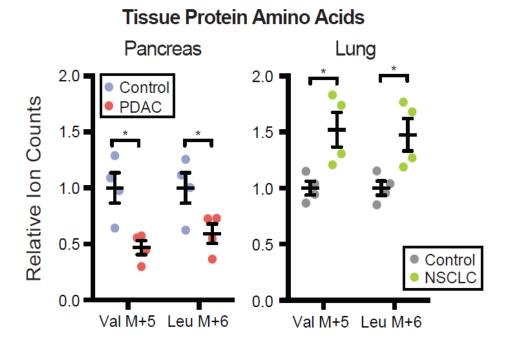
LSL-Kras<sup>G12D/+</sup>

*Tp53<sup>fl/fl</sup>* 

PDAC: Pdx1-Cre

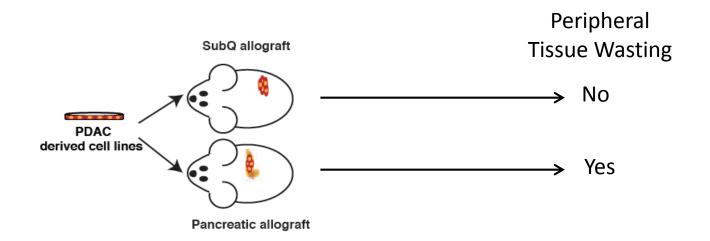
NSCLC: Inhaled Cre

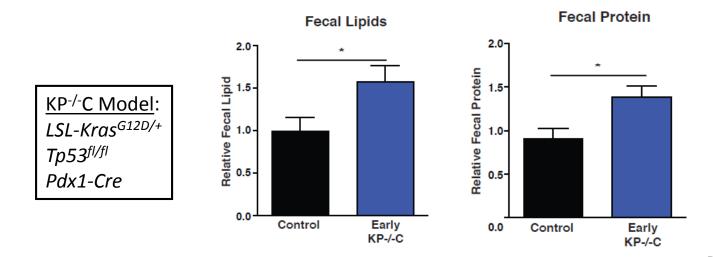




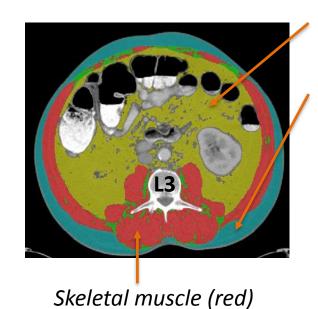
Mayers et al. Science. 2016;353:1161.

### Pancreatic Exocrine Insufficiency





### **Body Composition Measurements**



Visceral adipose (yellow)

Subcutaneous adipose (blue)

DFCI/BWH
Mayo Clinic
MGH
Stanford Univ
UNC-Chapel Hill

Body composition segmentation in 679 pts with newly diagnosed, previously-untreated pancreatic cancer

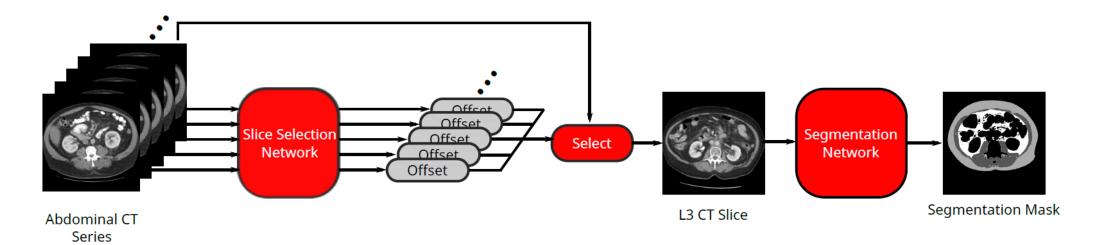
65% of 679 pts with PDAC of all stages had sarcopenia

64% of 213 pts with localized PDAC had sarcopenia

Sarcopenia defined as skeletal muscle index (SMI): men, <55.4 cm<sup>2</sup>/m<sup>2</sup>; women, <38.9 cm<sup>2</sup>/m<sup>2</sup>

Michael Rosenthal Ana Babic

### Automated Peripheral Tissue Segmentation



#### **Two-part Neural Network**

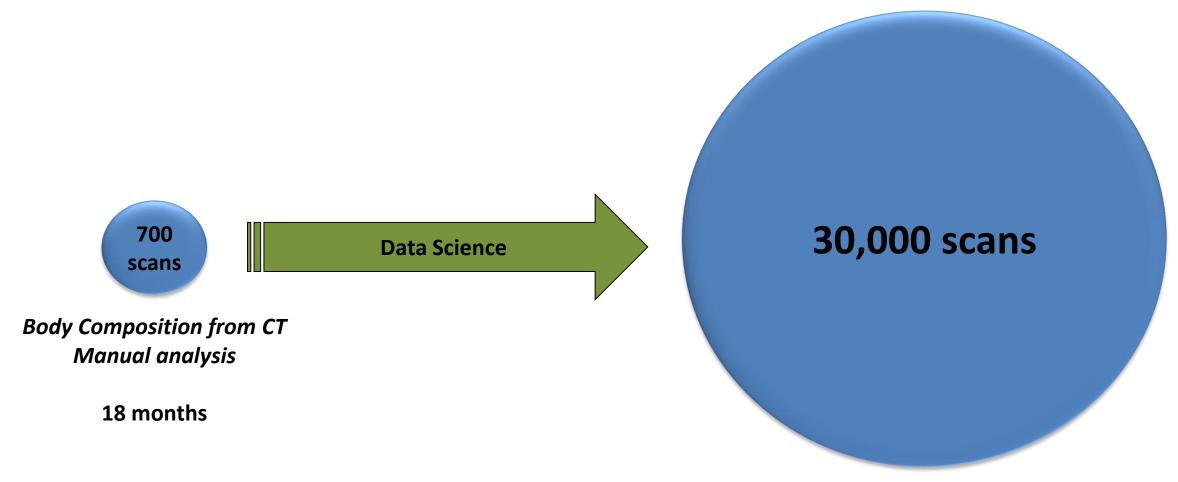
Training set of 600 manually segmented scans from pancreatic cancer patients

Testing set of 560 manually segmented scans from patients with lymphoma

Testing set correlation coefficients for three compartments by machine vs. human = 0.986-0.994

Michael Rosenthal MGH/BWH Center for Clinical Data Science

### Case Series to Population Scale



Michael Rosenthal MGH/BWH Center for Clinical Data Science

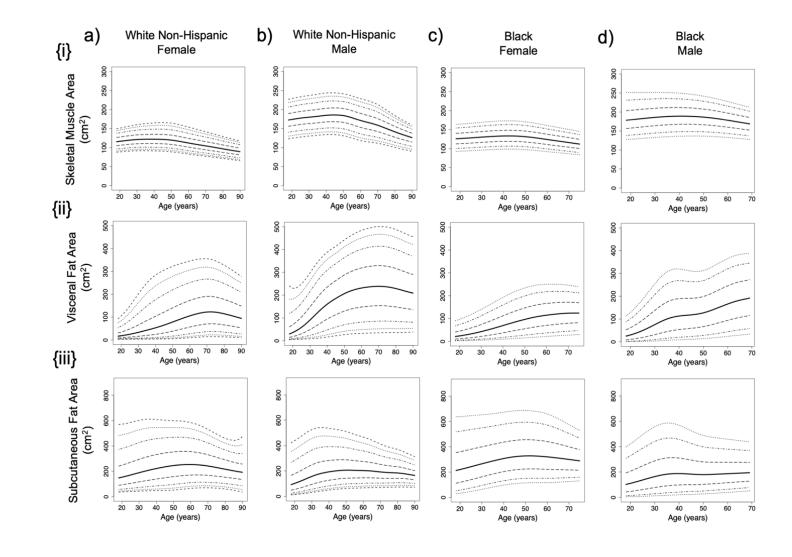
Body Composition from CT Fully automated analysis

1-2 months

#### **Population Metrics**

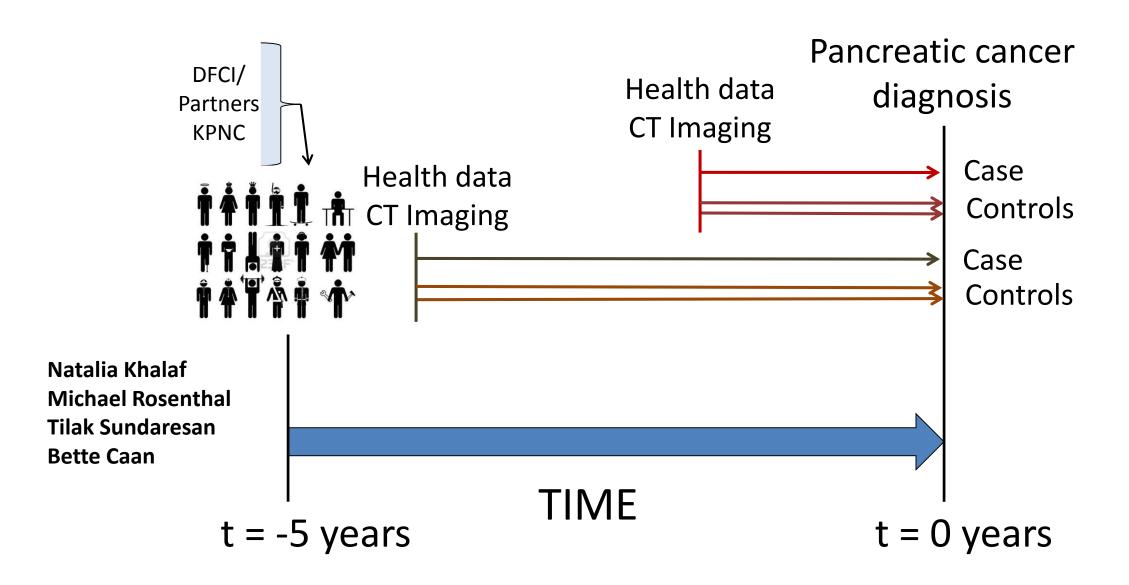
28,411 outpatient AP CT exams from patients seen within Partners Healthcare in 2012

Kirti Magudia
Michael Rosenthal
MGH/BWH Center for Clinical
Data Science



From inferior to superior, the lines represent the 3<sup>rd</sup> (short dashed line), 5<sup>th</sup> (dotted line), 10<sup>th</sup> (dashed and dotted line), 25<sup>th</sup> (long dashed line), 50<sup>th</sup> (solid line), 75<sup>th</sup> (long dashed line), 90<sup>th</sup> (dashed and dotted line), 95<sup>th</sup> (dotted line) and 97<sup>th</sup> (short dashed line) percentiles.

#### Imaging-Based Risk Modeling within Large Health Systems

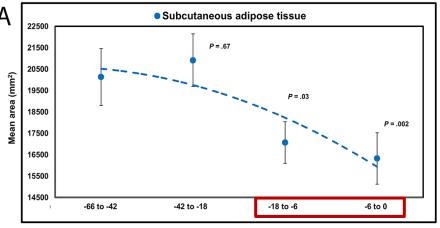


Sah RP et al. Phases of Metabolic and Soft Tissue Changes in Months Preceding a Diagnosis of Pancreatic Ductal Adenocarcinoma. *Gastroenterology*. 2019.

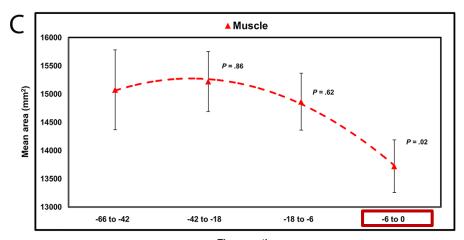
**Suresh Chari's group (Mayo Clinic)** 

68 patients with 2 or more CT scans before pancreatic cancer diagnosis

Muscle and AT wasting before diagnosis







Time, months

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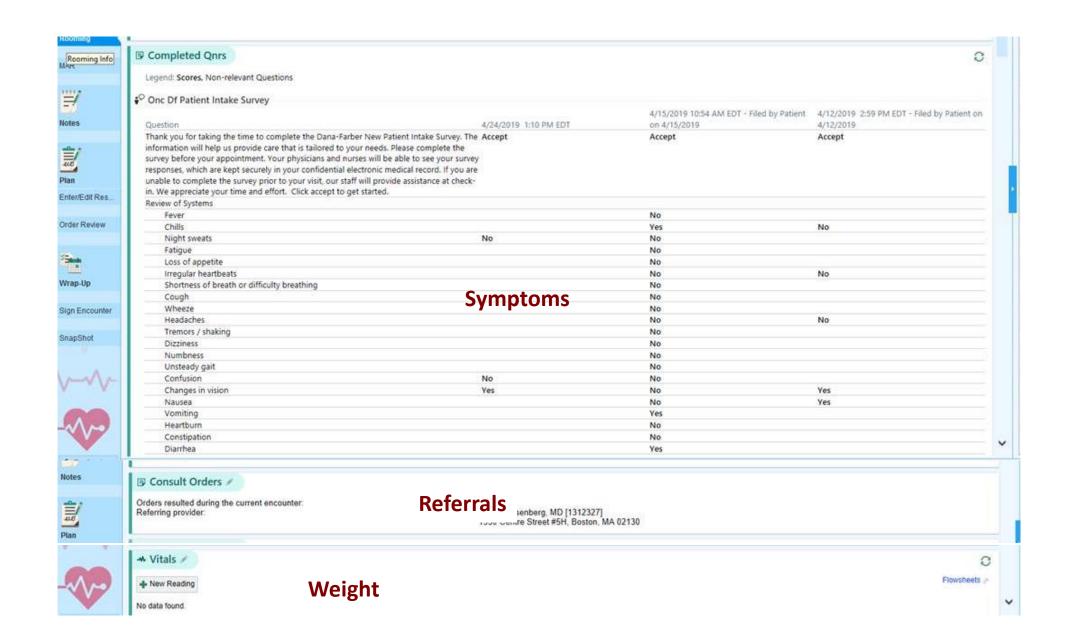
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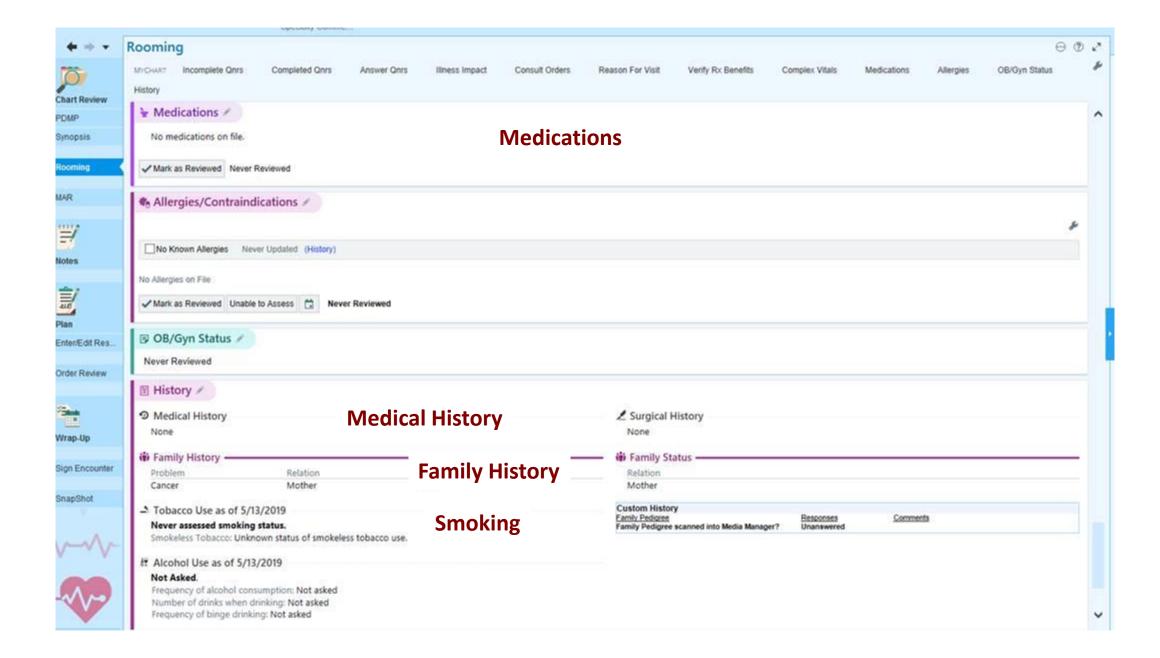
#### Imaging Features

- AP CT scan
- AP MRI

0

- EUS





### Machine Learning for Pancreatic Cancer Early Detection



Identifying individuals at high risk for pancreatic cancer through machine learning analysis of clinical records and images

**DFCI**: Michael Rosenthal, Chris Sander, Brian Wolpin

**HSPH**: Peter Kraft

MIT: Regina Barzilay

### **End Goal**

Develop practical tool to identify individuals in the general population at elevated risk for pancreatic cancer who should be enrolled in interception programs for disease prevention and early detection.

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#### **DFCI**

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Jonathan Nowak
Vicente Morales
Lauren Brais
Zunelly Odhiambo
Marisa Welch
Natalia Boos
Maureen Loftus
Leah Caplan

### Early Detection Team

MIT
Matthew Vander Heiden
Laura Danai
Jared Mayers

#### **Harvard Cohort Studies**

Peter Kraft Jihye Kim

**Charlie Fuchs** Meir Stampfer

Ed Giovannucci Howard Sesso

JoAnn Manson Julie Buring

#### **Collaborating Institutions**

**Clary Clish** (Broad Inst)

Julian Avila (Broad Inst)

Gloria Peterson (Mayo Clinic)

Albert Koong (MDACC)

Nabeel Bardeesy (MGH)

Carlos Fernandez (MGH)

Pari Pandharipande (MGH)

Jen Jen Yeh (UNC)

Alison Klein (JHU)

Laufey Amundadottir (NCI)

Rachael Solomon (NCI)

Tilak Sundaresan (KPNC)

Bette Caan (KPNC)











**DFCI-LF Dedicated Pancreatic Cancer Research Laboratory** 



### **Team Approach**

### Thank you.



#### **SU2C-LF Interception Dream Team**

PIs: Anirban Maitra (MDACC), Mike Goggins (JHU), Scott Lippman (UCSD)

Judy Garber, Sapna Syngal, Brian Wolpin, Matt Yurgelun (DFCI)

Elliott Fishman Liz Jaffee, Ken Kinzler, Alison Klein, Bert Vogelstein (JHU)

Gloria Petersen (Mayo)

Sam Hanash, Eugene Koay, Florencia McAllister (MDACC)

Tyler Jacks (MIT)

Barbara Kenner, Scott Nelson (Advocates)

### Pancreatic Cancer Detection Consortium NIH/NCI U01 CA 210171

PI: Brian Wolpin

Pasi Janne, Cloud Paweletz, Michael Rosenthal, Sapna Syngal (DFCI)

Nabeel Bardeesy, Dan Chung, Ralph Weissleder, (MGH)

Yuval Dor (Hebrew Univ)

Clary Clish (Broad Inst)

Peter Kraft (HSPH)

Jeanine Genkinger (CUMC)

Andrea Bullock (BIDMC)

David Kelsen (MSKCC)